GLOSSARY Bilingual Education/English as a New Language Units of Study Tables

- Awarding Units of Credits: High school units of credits are earned by students with the corresponding Unit of Study. Content area credit is awarded for Integrated ENL. Elective credit is awarded for Stand-alone ENL.
- Bilingual Content Area Instruction: Content area instruction delivered in the home/target language.
- Bilingual Education Program (BE): A Bilingual Education program is a research-based program comprised of the following instructional components:
 - Language Arts which includes Home and English Language Arts
 - English as a New Language
 - Bilingual content areas.
- Bilingual Extension: Extension of a New York State (NYS) teaching certificate authorizing the holder of an appropriate valid teaching certificate to provide instruction in a bilingual education class.
- Childhood Education Certification: A NYS certified teacher in grades Pre-K-6, 1-6. or Birth-6.
- Commanding/Proficient: As measured by the NYSESLAT, a student at this level
 has met the linguistic demands necessary to demonstrate English language
 proficiency in a variety of academic contexts within his or her grade level. This
 student is designated as a Former ELL and is entitled to receive two years of
 Former ELL services.
- Common Branch Certification: Any or all of the subjects usually included in the
 daily program of an elementary school classroom such as Arithmetic, Civics,
 Visual Arts, Elementary Science, English Language, Geography, History, Hygiene,
 Physical Activities, Practical Arts, Reading, Music, Writing, and other similar
 subjects; grades K-6 or N-6.
- Content Area Teacher: A NYS certified teacher in grades 7-12 teaching a subject area such as English, Math, Science, Social Studies, Technology, Music, Art, etc.
- Core Content Area: English, Math, Science, and Social Studies; and Home Language Arts for Bilingual Education programs.

- Corresponding Unit of Study: In terms of awarding credits, upon a student's
 passing one half unit of study in any class, the student would receive one half unit
 of graduation credit. Upon a student's passing one unit in any class, the student
 would receive one unit of graduation credit.
- Co-Teaching Models: Co-teaching is two or more teachers sharing responsibility
 for teaching some or all of the students assigned to the classroom. It involves the
 distribution of responsibility among teachers for planning, organization, delivery,
 and assessment of instruction, as well as the physical space.¹ See Honigsfeld &
 Dove.
- Developing ELLs: Students who have been identified as ELLs and have received ENL instruction, as a component of their BE or ENL program, for a total of four to six continuously enrolled school years in the U.S.
- Dual Language: Dual Language program is a type of bilingual education program
 that offers students from two different or the same home language backgrounds
 and/or cultures the opportunities to become bilingual, biliterate, and bicultural while
 improving their academic ability.
 - The <u>Two-way</u> model includes both ELLs and English proficient students. The teacher or teachers provide instruction in both languages.
 - The <u>One-way</u> (Developmental) model is primarily composed of students who come from the same home language and/or background.
 The teacher or teachers provide instruction in both English and the target language.
- Early Childhood Teacher Certification: A NYS certified teacher for students from Birth-Grade 2.
- Elective Credit: Courses offered to satisfy high school graduation requirements.
 In terms of ENL programs, elective credit is awarded for Stand-alone ENL at the high school level.
- Emerging/Low Intermediate: A student at this English language proficiency level relies on teacher supports and instructional scaffolds to advance his or her

academic language skills. As measured by the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT, a student at this level has yet to meet the linguistic demands necessary to

demonstrate English language proficiency in a variety of academic contexts within his or her grade level.

- English as a New Language (ENL) Instructional Time: The minimum amount of time an ELL is required to receive instruction in an ENL Program, in Integrated ENL and /or Stand-alone ENL classes.
- English as a New Language (ENL) Program: A research-based English language development program comprised of two components:
 - Integrated ENL: Students receive core content area and English language development instruction including home language supports and appropriate ELL scaffolds; and
 - Stand-alone ENL: Students receive English language development instruction taught by a NYS certified ESOL teacher in order to acquire the English language needed for success in core content areas.

This program is formerly known as English as a Second Language (ESL).

- English to Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) Teacher Certification: A NYS certified teacher of English to Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL), grades K-12
- English Language Learner (ELL): A student who speaks or understands a language other than English and who scores below a State designated level of proficiency on the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT.
- English Proficiency Level: A student's performance on the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT indicates the student's level of English language proficiency. Those levels are: Entering, Emerging, Transitioning, Expanding, or Commanding.
- Entering/Beginning: A student at this English language proficiency level relies
 heavily on teacher supports and instructional scaffolds to advance his or her
 academic language skills. As measured by the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT, a
 student at this level has yet to meet the linguistic demands necessary to
 demonstrate English language proficiency in a variety of academic contexts within
 his or her grade level.
- Expanding/Advanced: A student at this English language proficiency level shows
 great independence in advancing his or her academic language skills. As
 measured by the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT, a student at this level is
 approaching the linguistic demands necessary to demonstrate English language
 proficiency in a variety of academic contexts within this grade level.

- Flexibility: Different options available to meet requirements for units of study.
- Former ELL: A student who has exited ELL status and is entitled to receive at least two years of Former ELL services and two years of testing accommodations on NYS Assessments.
- Former ELL Services: Students must continue to receive at least .5 units of study
 or its equivalent of integrated ENL or other such services that monitor and support
 their language development and academic progress for two years once they have
 exited from ELL status
- Grade Span: The maximum allowable grade span for grouping instruction in grades K-12 ENL or BE classes is two contiguous grades, except for ELLs in a special class as defined by section 200.1(uu).
- Home Language: A language as determined by the HLQ.
- Home Language Arts: A unit of study or its equivalent in language arts in the student's home language; the teaching and learning of reading, writing, speaking, and listening.
- Home Language Questionnaire (HLQ): A diagnostic screening instrument used to determine which students are possibly ELLs.
- Home Language Supports: During ENL instruction in the classroom, each ELL's home language is used as an instructional support for learning academic content and English. These may include, but are not limited to:
 - Materials and resources in the home language such as hard copy and/or online dictionaries, encyclopedias, books, and other media.
 - Pairing students of various language proficiencies to support each other in the home language and English.
 - Teachers who are bilingual, bilingual teaching assistants, community members, and student teachers use the student's home language to clarify concepts/content whenever possible.
- Integrated English as a New Language (ENL): Students receive core content area and English language development instruction which includes home language supports and appropriate ELL scaffolds. Integrated ENL instruction must be carried out either by a co-teaching approach with a NYS certified ESOL teacher who teaches with the content area teacher, or by an ESOL certified teacher who is dually certified in another content area being taught. In this context, integrated refers to the content.

- Language Arts: A core content subject which includes the teaching and learning
 of reading, writing, speaking, and listening in English and/or in the home language.
- Language Other Than English (LOTE) Teacher: A NYS teacher who is certified to teach a world language (Spanish, French, Chinese, etc.).
- Metacognition: Involves thinking about the thinking process and reflecting about learning. Refers to the ways students manage their thinking. It includes three aspects:
 - Consciously applying strategies while engaging in activities
 - Knowledge and awareness of strategic options and the ability to choose the most effective one for a particular activity, and
 - Monitoring and the ability to evaluate and adjust during a performance and to plan for future performance based on evaluation after an activity².
- Middle Childhood Education Teacher Certification: A NYS certified teacher for students in grades 5-9.
- New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test
 (NYSESLAT): An assessment designed to annually measure the English
 language proficiency of all ELLs enrolled in grades K-12. It is one component of
 the State's compliance with Federal laws that mandate annually assessing and
 monitoring the English Language proficiency progress of all ELLs.
- New York State Identification Test for English Language Learners
 (NYSITELL): An assessment that is administered once during the ELL
 Identification/Reentry process. It is designed to determine if a student is an ELL
 after the student's enrollment in the NYS public school system, as well as his or
 her instructional requirements in a BE or ENL program.
- Reentry: The process followed pursuant to Commissioner's Regulation (CR) 154-2.3 to determine if a student is an ELL who is reentering a NYS public school after not attending a NYS public school for two years.
- Scaffolds: Scaffolds are temporary and flexible instructional supports that help
 make rigorous grade-level curriculum accessible to all students, including ELLs.
 Scaffolds are dependent upon an ELL's English language proficiency level. The
 instructional support enables learners to engage in a task which they would not
 have otherwise been able to accomplish independently³ and should lead to

- metacognitive appropriation. Scaffolds help push the students academically yet provide the necessary support for them to be successful.
- Staffing/Personnel: NYS certified teachers for the specific courses/classes they teach.
- Stand-alone ENL: Students receive English language development instruction taught by a NYS certified ESOL teacher or a certified bilingual teacher in a bilingual education program in order to acquire the English language needed for success in core content areas.
- Students with Inconsistent/Interrupted Formal Education (SIFE): ELLs who
 have attended schools in the U.S. for less than twelve months and who, upon
 initial enrollment in schools, are two or more years below grade level in literacy in
 their home language and/or two or more years below grade level in math due to
 inconsistent or interrupted schooling prior to arrival in the U.S.
- Target Language: The language that is being taught and learned.
- Transitional Bilingual Education Program (TBE): Transitional Bilingual Education programs offer students of the same home language the opportunity to learn to speak, understand, read, and write in English while continuing to learn academic content in their home language. The students' home language is used to help them progress academically in all content areas while they acquire English. The goal of a TBE Program is to provide students with the opportunity to transition to a monolingual English classroom setting without additional supports once they reach proficiency. Even though the amount of English instruction students receive will increase over time, in a TBE program, there will always be home language instruction/supports allowing students the opportunity to develop bilingually.
- Transitioning/Intermediate: A student at this English language proficiency level shows increasing independence in advancing his or her academic language skills. As measured by the NYSITELL or the NYSESLAT, a student at this level has yet to meet the linguistic demands necessary to demonstrate English language proficiency in a variety of academic contexts within this grade level.
- Units of Study: Required number of minutes of instruction per week throughout
 the school year or the equivalent. One unit of study as per CR Part 100.1(a)
 means at least 180 minutes of instruction per week throughout the school year, or
 the equivalent.

